Package 'SynExtend'

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Description Shared order between genomic sequences provide a great deal of information. Synteny objects produced by the R package DECIPHER provides quantitative information about that shared order. SynExtend provides tools for extracting information from Synteny objects.
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ExactSelect

Model for identifying erroneously linked pairs

Description

Though the function PairSummaries provides an argument allowing users to ask for alignments, given the time consuming nature of that process on large data, models are provided which allow for the quick and efficient identification of pairs whose PID would likely fall within a random distribution of PIDs.

Usage

```
data("ExactSelect")
```

Format

The format is an object of class "glm".

Details

A model for rejecting identified pairs whose link statistics indicate a likely exact PID that would fall within a random distribution in an amino acid alignment.

Examples

```
data(ExactSelect)
```

gffToDataFrame

Generate a DataFrame of gene calls from a gff3 file

Description

Generate a DataFrame of gene calls from a gff3 file

Usage

Arguments

GFF

A url or filepath specifying a gff3 file to import

AdditionalAttrs

A vector of character strings to designate the attributes to pull. Default Attributes include: "ID", "Parent", "Name", "gbkey", "gene", "product", "protein_id", "gene_biotype", and "Note".

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AdditionalTypes

A vector of character strings to query from the the "Types" column. Default types are limited to "Gene" and "Pseudogene", but any possible entry for "Type" in a gff3 format can be added, such as "rRNA", or "CRISPR_REPEAT".

RawTableOnly Lo

Logical specifying whether to return the raw imported GFF without complex parsing. Remains as a holdover from function construction and debugging. For

simple gff3 import see rtracklayer::import.

Verbose Logical specifying whether to print a progress bar and time difference.

Details

Import a gff file into a rectangular parsable object.

Value

A DataFrame with relevant information extracted from a GFF.

Author(s)

Nicholas Cooley <npc19@pitt.edu>

Examples

GlobalSelect

Model for identifying erroneously linked pairs

Description

Though the function PairSummaries provides an argument allowing users to ask for alignments, given the time consuming nature of that process on large data, models are provided which allow for the quick and efficient identification of pairs whose PID would likely fall within a random distribution of PIDs.

Usage

```
data("GlobalSelect")
```

Format

The format is an object of class "glm".

Details

A model for rejecting identified pairs whose link statistics indicate a likely global PID that would fall within a random distribution in an amino acid alignment.

Examples

```
data(GlobalSelect)
```

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LinkedPairs

Tables of where syntenic hits link pairs of genes

Description

Syntenic blocks describe where order is shared between two sequences. These blocks are made up of exact match hits. These hits can be overlayed on the locations of sequence features to clearly illustrate where exact sequence similarity is shared between pairs of sequence features.

Usage

Arguments

An object of class LinkedPairs.
 quote Logical indicating whether to print the output surrounded by quotes.
 Logical specifying whether to right align strings.
 Other arguments for print.

Details

Objects of class LinkedPairs are stored as square matrices of list elements with dimnames derived from the dimnames of the object of class "Synteny" from which it was created. The diagonal of the matrix is only filled if OutputFormat "Comprehensive" is selected in NucleotideOverlap, in which case it will be filled with the gene locations supplied to GeneCalls. The upper triangle is always filled, and contains location information in nucleotide space for all syntenic hits that link features between sequences in the form of an integer matrix with named columns. "QueryGene" and "SubjectGene" correspond to the integer rownames of the supplied gene calls. "QueryIndex" and "SubjectIndex" correspond to "Index1" and "Index2" columns of the source synteny object position. Remaining columns describe the exact positioning and size of extracted hits. The lower triangle is not filled if OutputFormat "Sparse" is selected and contains relative displacement positions for the 'left-most' and 'right-most' hit involved in linking the particular features indicated in the related line up the corresponding position in the upper triangle.

The object serves only as a simple package for input data to the PairSummaries function, and as such may not be entirely user friendly. However it has been left exposed to the user should they find this data interesting.

Value

An object of class "LinkedPairs".

Author(s)

Nicholas Cooley <npc19@pitt.edu>

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LocalSelect

Model for identifying erroneously linked pairs

Description

Though the function PairSummaries provides an argument allowing users to ask for alignments, given the time consuming nature of that process on large data, models are provided which allow for the quick and efficient identification of pairs whose PID would likely fall within a random distribution of PIDs.

Usage

```
data("LocalSelect")
```

Format

The format is an object of class "glm".

Details

A model for rejecting identified pairs whose link statistics indicate a likely local PID that would fall within a random distribution in an amino acid alignment.

Examples

```
data(LocalSelect)
```

NucleotideOverlap

Tabulating Pairs of Genomic Sequences

Description

A function for concisely tabulating where genomic features are connected by syntenic hits.

Usage

6 NucleotideOverlap

Arguments

SyntenyObject An object of class "Synteny" built from the FindSynteny in the package DECIPHER.

GeneCalls A named list of objects of class "DFrame" built from gffToDataFrame, ob-

jects of class "GRanges" imported from rtracklayer::import, or objects of class "Genes" created from the DECIPHER function FindGenes. "DFrame"s built by "gffToDataFrame" can be used directly, while "GRanges" objects may also be used with limited functionality. Using a "GRanges" object will force all alignments to nucleotide alignments. Objects of class "Genes" generated by FindGenes function equivalently to those produced by gffToDataFrame. Us-

ing a "GRanges" object will force LimitIndex to FALSE.

LimitIndex Logical indicating whether to limit which indices in a synteny object to query.

FALSE by default, when TRUE only the first sequence in all selected identifiers will be used. LimitIndex can be used to skip analysis of plasmids, or solely

query a single chromosome.

OutputFormat Character string to designate how much information to return. "Sparse" returns

only a filled upper triangle of exactly matched positions. "Normal" returns a matrix with associated match information in both the upper and lower triangle of the returned matrix, while "Comprehensive" will return GeneCalls used in

construction in the diagonal.

Verbose Logical indicating whether or not to display a progress bar and print the time

difference upon completion.

Details

Builds a matrix of lists that contain information about linked pairs of genomic features.

Value

An object of class "LinkedPairs".

Author(s)

Nicholas Cooley <npc19@pitt.edu>

See Also

FindSynteny, Synteny-class

Examples

```
Seqs2DB(seqs = X,
           type = "XStringSet",
#
#
           dbFile = DBPATH,
#
           identifier = as.character(m1),
           verbose = TRUE)
#
# }
Syn <- FindSynteny(dbFile = DBPATH)</pre>
GeneCalls <- vector(mode = "list",</pre>
                     length = ncol(Syn)
GeneCalls[[1L]] <- gffToDataFrame(GFF = system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                              "GCA_006740685.1_ASM674068v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                       package = "SynExtend"),
                                    Verbose = TRUE)
GeneCalls[[2L]] <- gffToDataFrame(GFF = system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                               "GCA_000956175.1_ASM95617v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                       package = "SynExtend"),
                                    Verbose = TRUE)
GeneCalls[[3L]] <- gffToDataFrame(GFF = system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                               "GCA_000875775.1_ASM87577v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                       package = "SynExtend"),
                                    Verbose = TRUE)
# Alternatively:
# GeneCalls <- vector(mode = "list",</pre>
                       length = ncol(Syn))
# GeneCalls[[1L]] <- rtracklayer::import(system.file("extdata",</pre>
#
                                              "GCA_006740685.1_ASM674068v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                        package = "SynExtend"))
# GeneCalls[[2L]] <- rtracklayer::import(system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                               "GCA_000956175.1_ASM95617v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                        package = "SynExtend"))
# GeneCalls[[3L]] <- rtracklayer::import(system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                                "GCA_000875775.1_ASM87577v1_genomic.gff.gz,
                                                        package = "SynExtend"))
names(GeneCalls) <- seq(length(GeneCalls))</pre>
Links <- NucleotideOverlap(SyntenyObject = Syn,</pre>
                             GeneCalls = GeneCalls,
                             LimitIndex = FALSE,
                             Verbose = TRUE)
```

PairSummaries

Summarize connected pairs in a LinkedPairs object

Description

Takes in a LinkedPairs object and gene calls, and returns a pairs list.

Usage

PairSummaries(SyntenyLinks,

GeneCalls,
DBPATH,
PIDs = TRUE,

IgnoreDefaultStringSet = FALSE,

Verbose = TRUE,
GapPenalty = TRUE,
TerminalPenalty = TRUE,
Model = "Global",
Correction = "none")

Arguments

SyntenyLinks A PairedLinks object.

GeneCalls A named list of objects of class "DFrame" built from gffToDataFrame, ob-

jects of class "GRanges" imported from rtracklayer::import, or objects of class "Genes" created from the DECIPHER function FindGenes. "DFrame"s built by "gffToDataFrame" can be used directly, while "GRanges" objects may also be used with limited functionality. Using a "GRanges" object will force all alignments to nucleotide alignments. Objects of class "Genes" generated by FindGenes function equivalently to those produced by gffToDataFrame. Us-

ing a "GRanges" object will force IgnoreDefaultStringSet to TRUE.

DBPATH A SQLite connection object or a character string specifying the path to the

database file. Constructed from DECIPHER's Seqs2DB function.

PIDS Logical indicating whether to perform pairwise alignments. If TRUE (the default)

all pairs will be aligned using DECIPHER's AlignSeqs, or AlignTranslation function. This step can be time consuming, especially for large numbers of pairs.

Ignore Default String Set

Logical indicating alignment type preferences. If FALSE (the default) pairs that can be aligned in amino acid space will be aligned as an AAStringSet. If TRUE

all pairs will be aligned in nucleotide space.

Verbose Logical indicating whether or not to display a progress bar and print the time

difference upon completion.

GapPenalty Argument passed to AlignTranslation

TerminalPenalty

Argument passed to AlignTranslation

Model A character string specifying a model to use to identify pairs that are unlikely

to be good orthologs. By default this is "Global", but two other models are included; "Local" and "Exact", which have minor differences in performance.

Alternatively, a user generated model can be used.

Correction Argument to be passed to DistanceMatrix, currently only "none" and "Jukes-

Cantor" are supported options. Will only be applied to nucleotide alignments.

Details

The LinkedPairs object generated by NucleotideOverlap is a container for raw data that describes possible orthologous relationships, however ultimate assignment of orthology is up to user discretion. PairSummaries generates a clear table with relevant statistics for a user to work with as they choose. The option to align all pairs, though onerous can allow users to apply a hard threshold to predictions by PID, while built in models can allow a more succinct and expedient thresholding.

Value

A data.frame with rownames indicating orthologous pairs.

Author(s)

Nicholas Cooley <npc19@pitt.edu>

See Also

```
FindSynteny, Synteny-class
```

Examples

```
DBPATH <- system.file("extdata",</pre>
                       "VignetteSeqs.sqlite",
                       package = "SynExtend")
# Alternatively, to build a database using DECIPHER:
# DBPATH <- tempfile()</pre>
# FNAs <- c("ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/all/GCA/006/740/685/GCA_006740685.1_ASM674068v1/GCA_00674067
         "ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/all/GCA/000/956/175/GCA_000956175.1_ASM95617v1/GCA_000956175.1
         "ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/all/GCA/000/875/775/GCA_000875775.1_ASM87577v1/GCA_000875775.1
# for (m1 in seq_along(FNAs)) {
  X <- readDNAStringSet(filepath = FNAs[m1])</pre>
  X <- X[order(width(X),</pre>
                 decreasing = TRUE)]
#
#
   Seqs2DB(seqs = X,
           type = "XStringSet",
#
#
           dbFile = DBPATH,
#
           identifier = as.character(m1),
           verbose = TRUE)
#}
Syn <- FindSynteny(dbFile = DBPATH)</pre>
GeneCalls <- vector(mode = "list",</pre>
                     length = ncol(Syn)
GeneCalls[[1L]] <- gffToDataFrame(GFF = system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                              "GCA_006740685.1_ASM674068v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                       package = "SynExtend"),
                                    Verbose = TRUE)
GeneCalls[[2L]] <- gffToDataFrame(GFF = system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                               "GCA_000956175.1_ASM95617v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                        package = "SynExtend"),
                                    Verbose = TRUE)
GeneCalls[[3L]] <- gffToDataFrame(GFF = system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                               "\mathsf{GCA\_000875775.1\_ASM87577v1\_genomic.gff.gz"},
                                                       package = "SynExtend"),
                                    Verbose = TRUE)
# Alternatively:
# GeneCalls <- vector(mode = "list",</pre>
                       length = ncol(Syn))
# GeneCalls[[1L]] <- rtracklayer::import(system.file("extdata",</pre>
```

```
#
                                              "GCA_006740685.1_ASM674068v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                         package = "SynExtend"))
# GeneCalls[[2L]] <- rtracklayer::import(system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                               "GCA_000956175.1_ASM95617v1_genomic.gff.gz",
                                                         package = "SynExtend"))
# GeneCalls[[3L]] <- rtracklayer::import(system.file("extdata",</pre>
                                                "\mathsf{GCA\_000875775.1\_ASM87577v1\_genomic.gff.gz},
#
                                                         package = "SynExtend"))
names(GeneCalls) <- seq(length(GeneCalls))</pre>
Links <- NucleotideOverlap(SyntenyObject = Syn,</pre>
                             GeneCalls = GeneCalls,
                             LimitIndex = FALSE,
                             Verbose = TRUE)
PredictedPairs <- PairSummaries(SyntenyLinks = Links,</pre>
                                  GeneCalls = GeneCalls,
                                  DBPATH = DBPATH,
                                  PIDs = FALSE,
                                  Verbose = TRUE,
                                  Model = "Global",
                                  Correction = "none")
```

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