# Package 'smicd'

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Title Statistical Methods for Interval-Censored Data

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Description
Functions that provide statistical methods for interval-censored (grouped) data. The package supports the estimation of linear and linear mixed regression models with interval-censored dependent variables. Parameter estimates are obtained by a stochastic expectation maximization algorithm. Furthermore, the package enables the direct (without covariates) estimation of statistical indicators from interval-censored data via an iterative kernel density algorithm. Survey and Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) weights can be included into the direct estimation (see, Walter, P. (2019) <doi:10.17169 refubium-1621="">).</doi:10.17169>
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Exam

Exam scores from inner London

### **Description**

Exam scores of 4,059 students from 65 schools in Inner London, as in Exam.

#### **Format**

A data frame with 4059 observations with the following 10 variables:

school School ID - a factor.

examsc Exam score.

schgend School gender - a factor. Levels are mixed, boys, and girls.

schavg School average of intake score.

vr Student level Verbal Reasoning (VR) score band at intake - a factor. Levels are bottom 25%, mid 50%, and top 25%

intake Band of student's intake score - a factor. Levels are bottom 25%, mid 50% and top 25%

standLRT Standardised LR test score.

sex Sex of the student - levels are F and M.

type School type - levels are Mxd and Sngl.

student Student id (within school) - a factor

### References

Goldstein, H., Rasbash, J., et al (1993). A multilevel analysis of school examination results. Oxford Review of Education 19: 425-433

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kdeAlgo

Estimation of Statistical Indicators from Interval-Censored Data

### **Description**

The function applies an iterative kernel density algorithm for the estimation of a variety of statistical indicators (e.g. mean, median, quantiles, gini) from interval-censored data. The estimation of the standard errors is facilitated by a non-parametric bootstrap.

### Usage

```
kdeAlgo(
 xclass,
  classes,
  threshold = 0.6,
 burnin = 80,
  samples = 400,
  bootstrap.se = FALSE,
  b = 100,
  bw = "nrd0",
  evalpoints = 4000,
  adjust = 1,
  custom_indicator = NULL,
  upper = 3,
 weights = NULL,
  oecd = NULL
)
```

### **Arguments**

xclass	interval-censored values; factor with ordered factor values, as in dclass
classes	numeric vector of classes; Inf as last value is allowed, as in dclass
threshold	used for the Head-Count Ratio and Poverty Gap, default is $60\%$ of the median e.g. threshold=0.6
burnin	burn-in sample size, as in dclass
samples	sampling iteration size, as in dclass
bootstrap.se	if TRUE standard errors for the statistical indicators are estimated
b	number of bootstrap iterations for the estimation of the standard errors
bw	bandwidth selector method, defaults to "nrd0", as in density
evalpoints	number of evaluation grid points, as in dclass
adjust	the user can multiply the bandwidth by a certain factor such that bw=adjust*bw as in density

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custom\_indicator

a list of functions containing the indicators to be additionally calculated. Such functions must only depend on the target variable y and the threshold. For the estimation of weighted custom indicators the function must also depend on

weights. Defaults to NULL.

upper if the upper bound of the upper interval is Inf e.g. (15000, Inf), then Inf is

replaced by 15000\*upper

weights any kind of survey or design weights that will be used for the weighted estima-

tion of the statistical indicators

oecd weights for equivalized household size

### **Details**

The statistical indicators are estimated using pseudo samples as proxy for the interval-censored variable. The object resultX returns the pseudo samples for each iteration step of the KDE-algorithm.

#### Value

An object of class "kdeAlgo" that provides estimates for statistical indicators and optionally, corresponding standard error estimates. Generic functions such as, print, and plot have methods that can be used to obtain further information. See kdeAlgoObject for a description of components of objects of class "kdeAlgo".

#### References

Walter, P. (2019). A Selection of Statistical Methods for Interval-Censored Data with Applications to the German Microcensus, PhD thesis, Freie Universitaet Berlin

Groß, M., U. Rendtel, T. Schmid, S. Schmon, and N. Tzavidis (2017). Estimating the density of ethnic minorities and aged people in Berlin: Multivariate Kernel Density Estimation applied to sensitive georeferenced administrative data protected via measurement error. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A (Statistics in Society), 180.

#### See Also

```
dclass, print.kdeAlgo, plot.kdeAlgo
```

### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Generate data
x <- rlnorm(500, meanlog = 8, sdlog = 1)
classes <- c(0, 500, 1000, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000, 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000, 10000, 15000, Inf)
xclass <- cut(x, breaks = classes)
weights <- abs(rnorm(500, 0, 1))
oecd <- rep(seq(1, 6.9, 0.3), 25)
# Estimate statistical indicators with default settings
Indicator <- kdeAlgo(xclass = xclass, classes = classes)</pre>
```

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```
# Include custom indicators
Indicator_custom <- kdeAlgo(
    xclass = xclass, classes = classes,
    custom_indicator = list(quant5 = function(y, threshold) {
        quantile(y, probs = 0.05)
    })
)

# Indclude survey and oecd weights
Indicator_weights <- kdeAlgo(
    xclass = xclass, classes = classes,
    weights = weights, oecd = oecd
)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

kdeAlgoObject

Fitted kdeAlgoObject

### **Description**

An object of class "kdeAlgo" that represents the estimated statistical indicators and the estimated standard errors. Objects of this class have methods for the generic functions print and plot.

#### Value

An object of class "kdeAlgo" is a list containing at least the following components.

Point\_estimate the estimated statistical indicators: Mean, Gini, Head-Count Ratio, Quantiles

(10%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 90%), Poverty-Gap, Quintile-Share Ratio and if speci-

fied the selected custom indicators.

Standard\_Error if bootstrap.se = TRUE, the standard errors for the statistical indicator are esti-

mated

Mestimates kde object containing the corrected density estimate, as in dclass

resultDensity estimated density for each iteration, as in dclass

resultX true latent values X estimates, as in dclass

xclass classified values; factor with ordered factor values, as in dclass

gridx grid on which density is evaluated, as in dclass classes classes; Inf as last value is allowed, as in dclass

burnin burn-in sample size, as in dclass samples sampling iteration size, as in dclass

Point\_estimates.run

the estimated statistical indicators: Mean, Gini, Head-Count Ratio, Quantiles (10%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 90%), Poverty-Gap, Quintile-Share Ratio and if specified the selected custom indicators for each iteration run of the KDE-algorithm

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oecd the weights used for the estimation of the equivalised household income

weights any kind of survey or design weights that will be used for the weighted estima-

tion of the statistical indicators

upper if the upper bound of the upper interval is Inf e.g. (15000, Inf), then Inf is

replaced by 15000\*upper

#### References

Walter, P. (2019). A Selection of Statistical Methods for Interval-Censored Data with Applications to the German Microcensus, PhD thesis, Freie Universitaet Berlin

Groß, M., U. Rendtel, T. Schmid, S. Schmon, and N. Tzavidis (2017). Estimating the density of ethnic minorities and aged people in Berlin: Multivariate Kernel Density Estimation applied to sensitive georeferenced administrative data protected via measurement error. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A (Statistics in Society), 180.

#### See Also

smicd, dclass

plot.kdeAlgo

Plot Diagnostics for a kdeAlgo Object

### Description

Plots the estimated density of the interval-censored variable. Also, convergence plots are given for all estimated statistical indicators. The estimated indicator is plotted for each iteration step of the KDE-algorithm. Furthermore, the average up to iteration step M is plotted (without the burn-in iterations). A vertical line indicates the end of the burn-in period. A horizontal line marks the value of the estimated statistical indicator

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'kdeAlgo'
plot(x, indicator = NULL, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

x an object of type "kdeAlgo", typical result of kdeAlgo

indicator a vector of indicator names specifying for which indicators convergence plots

are plotted, e.g. c("mean", "gini")

... optional arguments passed to generic function.

### Value

Convergence and density plots.

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### See Also

kdeAlgoObject, kdeAlgo

plot.sem

Plot Diagnostics for sem Objects

### **Description**

Available are convergence plots for the estimated fixed effects model parameters and the residual variance of the linear or linear mixed regression model. If the Box-Cox transformation is used for the transformation of the dependent variable, a convergence plot of the transformation parameter lambda is also available. In each of the convergence plots, the estimated parameter is plotted for each iteration step of the SEM-algorithm. Furthermore, the average up to iteration step M is plotted (without the burn-in iterations). A vertical line indicates the end of the burn-in period. A horizontal line marks the value of the estimated statistical indicator Furthermore, the estimated density of the simulated dependent variable from the last iteration step is plotted with a histogram of the intervalcensored true dependent variable in the back.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sem'
plot(x, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

- x an object of type "sem", typical result of semLm or semLme.
- ... optional arguments passed to generic function.

#### Value

Convergence and density plots.

### References

Walter, P. (2019). A Selection of Statistical Methods for Interval-Censored Data with Applications to the German Microcensus, PhD thesis, Freie Universitaet Berlin

#### See Also

```
semObject, semLm, semLme
```

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print.kdeAlgo

Prints a kdeAlgo Object

### Description

Basic information of a kdeAlgo object is printed.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'kdeAlgo'
print(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x an object of class "kdeAlgo"

... optional arguments passed to generic function

### See Also

```
kdeAlgoObject, kdeAlgo
```

print.sem

Prints a sem Object

### Description

Basic information of a sem object is printed

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sem'
print(x, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

x an object of class "sem".

... optional arguments passed to generic function

### See Also

```
semObject, semLm, semLme
```

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print.summary.sem

Prints a summary.sem Object

### Description

The elements described in summary.sem are printed.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.sem'
print(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x an object of class "summary.sem".

... additional arguments that are not used in this method.

semLm

Linear Regression with Interval-Censored Dependent Variable

### Description

This function estimates the linear regression model when the dependent variable is interval-censored. The estimation of the standard errors is fasciliated by a non-parametric bootstrap.

### Usage

```
semLm(
  formula,
  data,
  classes,
  burnin = 40,
  samples = 200,
  trafo = "None",
  adjust = 2,
  bootstrap.se = FALSE,
  b = 100
)
```

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### **Arguments**

formula	an object of class formula, as in 1m. The dependent variable is measured as interval-censored values; factor with ordered factor values
data	a data frame containing the variables of the model
classes	numeric vector of classes; -Inf as lower interval bound and Inf as upper interval bound is allowed. If the Box-Cox or logarithmic transformation is chosen, the minimum interval bound must be $\geq 0$ .
burnin	the number of burn-in iterations of the SEM-algorithm
samples	the number of additional iterations of the SEM-algorithm for parameter estimation $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$
trafo	transformation of the dependent variable to fulfill the model assumptions
	• "log" for Logarithmic transformation
	• "bc" for Box-Cox transformation
	default is "None". Transformations can only be used if the minimum interval bound is $\geq 0.$
adjust	extends the number of iteration steps of the SEM-algorithm for finding the optimal lambda of the Box-Cox transformation. The number of iterations is extended in the following way: (burnin+samples)*adjust
bootstrap.se	if TRUE standard errors of the regression parameters are estimated
b	number of bootstrap iterations for the estimation of the standard errors

#### **Details**

The model parameters are estimated using pseudo samples as a proxy for the interval-censored dependent variable. The object pseudo.y returns the pseudo samples of each iteration step of the SEM-algorithm.

### Value

An object of class "sem" that provides parameter estimates for linear regression models with intervalcensored dependent variable. Generic functions such as, print, plot, and summary have methods that can be used to obtain further information. See semObject for a description of the components of objects of class "sem".

### References

Walter, P. (2019). A Selection of Statistical Methods for Interval-Censored Data with Applications to the German Microcensus, PhD thesis, Freie Universitaet Berlin

### See Also

lm, print.sem, plot.sem, summary.sem

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### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Load and prepare data
data <- Exam
classes <- c(1, 1.5, 2.5, 3.5, 4.5, 5.5, 6.5, 7.7, 8.5, Inf)
data$examsc.class <- cut(data$examsc, classes)

# Run model with default settings
model <- semLm(
  formula = examsc.class ~ standLRT + schavg, data = data,
      classes = classes
)
summary(model)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

semLme

Linear Mixed Regression with Interval-Censored Dependent Variable

### **Description**

This function estimates the linear mixed regression model when the dependent variable is intervalcensored. The estimation of the standard errors is fasciliated by a parametric bootstrap.

### Usage

```
semLme(
  formula,
  data,
  classes,
  burnin = 40,
  samples = 200,
  trafo = "None",
  adjust = 2,
  bootstrap.se = FALSE,
  b = 100
)
```

### **Arguments**

formula

a two-sided linear formula object describing both the fixed-effects and random-effects part of the model, with the response on the left of a  $\sim$  operator and the terms, separated by + operators, on the right. Random-effects terms are distinguished by vertical bars (I) separating expressions for design matrices from grouping factors, as in 1mer. Note: Only models with a maximum of one random intercept and one random slope are implemented at this point (e.g.  $y \sim x$ 

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	+ (1   ID), or y $\sim$ x + (x   ID)). The dependent variable is measured as intervalcensored values; factor with ordered factor values
data	a data frame containing the variables of the model
classes	numeric vector of classes; -Inf as lower interval bound and Inf as upper interval bound is allowed. If the Box-Cox or logarithmic transformation is chosen, the minimum interval bound must be $\geq 0$ .
burnin	the number of burn-in iterations of the SEM-algorithm
samples	the number of additional iterations of the SEM-algorithm for parameter estimation
trafo	transformation of the dependent variable to fulfil the model assumptions
	<ul><li> "log" for Logarithmic transformation</li><li> "bc" for Box-Cox transformation</li></ul>
	default is "None". Transformations can only be used if the minimum interval bound is $\geq 0.$
adjust	extends the number of iteration steps of the SEM-algorithm for finding the optimal lambda of the Box-Cox transformation. The number of iterations is extended in the following way: (burnin+samples)*adjust
bootstrap.se	if TRUE standard errors of the regression parameters are estimated
b	number of bootstrap iterations for the estimation of the standard errors

### **Details**

The model parameters are estimated using pseudo samples of the interval-censored dependent variable. The object pseudo. y returns the pseudo samples of each iteration step of the SEM-algorithm.

#### Value

An object of class "sem" that provides parameter estimated for linear regression models with interval-censored dependent variable. Generic functions such as, print, plot, and summary have methods that can be used to obtain further information. See semObject for descriptions of components of objects of class "sem".

### References

Walter, P. (2019). A Selection of Statistical Methods for Interval-Censored Data with Applications to the German Microcensus, PhD thesis, Freie Universitaet Berlin

### See Also

```
lmer, print.sem, plot.sem, summary.sem
```

### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Load and prepare data
data <- Exam
classes <- c(1, 1.5, 2.5, 3.5, 4.5, 5.5, 6.5, 7.7, 8.5, Inf)</pre>
```

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```
data$examsc.class <- cut(data$examsc, classes)

# Run model with random intercept and default settings
model1 <- semLme(
   formula = examsc.class ~ standLRT + schavg + (1 | school),
   data = data, classes = classes
)
summary(model1)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

semObject

n.classes

conv.coef

Fitted semObject

### Description

An object of class "sem" that represents the estimated model parameters and standard errors. Objects of this class have methods for the generic functions print, plot and summary.

### Value

An object of class "sem" is a list containing the following components. Some parameters are only estimated for liner mixed regression models (and vice versa).

pseudo.y	a matrix containing the pseudo samples of the interval-censored variable from each iteration step
coef	the estimated regression coefficients (fixed effects)
ranef	the estimated regression random effects
sigmae	estimated variance $\sigma_e$
VaVoc	estimated covariance matrix of the random effects
se	bootstrapped standard error of the coefficients
ci	bootstrapped 95% confidence interval of the coefficients
lambda	estimated lambda for the Box-Cox transformation
bootstraps	number of bootstrap iterations for the estimation of the standard errors
r2	estimated coefficient of determination
icc	estimated interclass correlation coefficient
adj.r2	estimated adjusted coefficient of determination
formula	an object of class formula, as in 1m or 1mer
transformation	the specified transformation "log" for logarithmic and "bc" for Box-Cox

the number of classes, the dependent variable is censored to

estimated coefficients for each iteration step of the SEM-algorithm

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conv.sigmae	estimated variance $\sigma_e$ for each iteration step of the SEM-algorothm
conv.VaCov	estimated covariance matrix of the random effects for each iteration step of the SEM-algorithm
conv.lambda	estimated lambda for the Box-Cox transformation for each iteration step of the SEM-algorithm
b.lambda	the number of burn-in iteration the SEM-algorithm used to estimate lambda
m.lambda	the number of additional iteration the SEM-algorithm used to estimate lambda
burnin	the number of burn-in iterations of the SEM-algorithm
samples	the number of additional iterations of the SEM-algorithm
classes	specified intervals
original.y	the dependent variable of the regression model measured on an interval-censored scale
call	the function call

#### References

Walter, P. (2019). A Selection of Statistical Methods for Interval-Censored Data with Applications to the German Microcensus, PhD thesis, Freie Universitaet Berlin

#### See Also

smicd, lm, lmer

smicd

Statistical Methods for Interval Censored (Grouped) Data

### **Description**

The package **smicd** supports the estimation of linear and linear mixed regression models (random slope and random intercept models) with interval censored dependent variable. Parameter estimates are obtain by a stochastic expectation maximization (SEM) algorithm (*Walter*, 2019). Standard errors are estimated by a non-parametric bootstrap in the linear regression model and by a parametric bootstrap in the linear mixed regression model. To handle departures from the model assumptions transformations (log and Box-Cox) of the interval censored dependent variable are incorporated into the algorithm (*Walter*, 2019). Furthermore, the package **smicd** has implemented a non-parametric kernel density algorithm for the direct (without covariates) estimation of statistical indicators from interval censored data (*Walter*, 2019; *Gross et al.*, 2017). The standard errors of the statistical indicators are estimated by a non-parametric bootstrap.

#### **Details**

The two estimation functions for the linear and linear mixed regression model are called semLm and semLme. So far, only random intercept and random slope models are implemented. For both functions the following methods are available: summary.sem, print.sem and plot.sem.

The function for the direct estimation of statistical indicators is called kdeAlgo. The following methods are available: print.kdeAlgo and plot.kdeAlgo.

An overview of all currently provided functions can be requested by library(help=smicd).

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### References

Walter, P. (2019). A Selection of Statistical Methods for Interval-Censored Data with Applications to the German Microcensus, PhD thesis, Freie Universitaet Berlin

Gross, M., U. Rendtel, T. Schmid, S. Schmon, and N. Tzavidis (2017). Estimating the density of ethnic minorities and aged people in Berlin: Multivariate Kernel Density Estimation applied to sensitive georeferenced administrative data protected via measurement error. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A (Statistics in Society), 180.

summary.sem

Summarizing Linear and Linear Mixed Models estimated with the SEM

### Description

summary method for class "sem".

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sem'
summary(object, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

object an object of class "sem".

... additional arguments that are not used in this method.

### Value

an object of type "summary.sem" with following components:

call a list containing an image of the function call that produced the object.

coefficients a table that returns the estimation parameters and the standard errors and confi-

dence intervals in case that the standard erros are estimated.

standard errors

bootstraped standard errors

confidence intervals

bootstraped confidence intervals

two R2 measures a multiple and adjusted R-squared

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